Energy Mizer 295 Edwardia Drive. Greensboro, NC 27409 Telephone: 800-627-5634

1. Identification

Product identifier Rust Go

Chemical name Oxalic Acid, Dihydrate

Synonym(s) Anhydrous oxalic acid; Dicarboxylic acid; Ethanedioic acid

CAS number 6153-56-6 Chemical formula C2H2O4

Other means of identification

Product codeNot available.Product sizes25 pound pail.

Recommended use Laundry Rust Remover

Use pattern: Professional Use Only Recommended restrictions: None known.

Recommended restrictionsNone known.Chemical familyPure substanceManufacturerRefer to Supplier

Supplier information

Company nameEnergy MizerAddress295 Edwardia Dr.

Greensboro, NC, USA

27409

 Telephone
 (800) 627 5634

 Emergency phone number
 800-627-5634

2. Hazard(s) Identification

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200).

Physical hazards Corrosive to metals - Category 1

Health hazards Acute Toxicity, oral - Category 3

Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1 Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1 Reproductive Toxicity - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure -Category 3 (respiratory)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure - Category 1

Environmental hazards

Not currently regulated by OSHA, refer to Section 12 for additional information.

OSHA defined hazards

This substance does not meet the classification criteria according to OSHA Hazcom

2012.

Label elements







Signal Word DANGER!

Hazard statement(s) May be corrosive to metals.

Toxic if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause damage to the kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Precautionary statement(s)

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep only in original container. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Do not breathe dust, fume or vapor.

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

Response Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse

mouth.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

Store locked up.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Storage

Other hazards which do not result in classification: Ingestion can cause irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, stomach and digestive tract. Contact with most metals

will generate flammable hydrogen gas.

Supplemental Information

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure substance

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	Concentration (%)		
Oxalic acid	Dicarboxylic acid;	6153-56-6	100.00		
	Ethanedioic acid				

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Immediately remove person to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial

respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by qualified medical personnel only.

Seek immediate medical attention/advice.

Skin contact Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Immediately flush skin with gently

flowing, running water for at least 20 minutes. Do not rub area of contact. Cover wound with sterile dressing. Seek immediate medical attention/advice. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Leather and shoes that have been contaminated with the

solution may need to be destroyed.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes. Protect unharmed

eye. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Have victim rinse mouth with water, then give one to two

glasses of water to drink. Seek immediate medical attention/advice. Never give

anything by mouth if victim is unconscious.

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Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause irreversible eye damage. Symptoms may include severe pain, tearing, redness, swelling and blurred vision. May cause severe skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, blistering, pain and swelling. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Ingestion may cause severe burns to the mucous membranes of the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations, bleeding and eventually death. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Repeated or prolonged exposure may result in kidney effects.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed General Information

Immediate medical attention is required. Causes burns. Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Water spray may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Do not use direct stream of water, which can result in a dust cloud and explosion

Not considered flammable. Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes. Contact with metals may release small amounts of flammable hydrogen gas. Reacts violently with a wide variety of organic and inorganic chemicals including alcohol, carbides, chlorates, picrates, nitrates and metals.

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode. A full-body chemical resistant suit should be worn. Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment exposed to heat and flame. Dike for water control. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Use water with caution. Contact with water will generate considerable heat. Contact

Specific methods

General fire hazards

with most metals will generate flammable hydrogen gas. Not considered flammable.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures All persons dealing with clean-up should wear the appropriate protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep all other personnel upwind and away from the spill/release. Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Refer to Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION, for additional information on acceptable personal protective equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area of release. Stop spill or leak at source if safely possible. Dike for water control. Dilute alkali with water and neutralize with acids (e.g. acetic acid/vinegar) Contain and absorb spilled liquid with

non-combustible, inert absorbent material (e.g. sand), then place absorbent material into a container for later disposal (see Section 13). Contact the proper local authorities. Ensure spilled product does not enter drains, sewers, waterways, or confined spaces.

Environmental precautions

For large spills, dike the area to prevent spreading.

7. Handling and storage

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Precautions for safe handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have

been read and understood. Use in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. See Section 8 for additional personal protection advice when handling this product. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not breathe dust, fume or vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep away from extreme heat and flame. Keep away from bases, metals and other incompatibles. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep only in

original container. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store locked up. Store away from incompatibles and out of direct sunlight. Storage area should be clearly identified, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained and authorized personnel. Inspect periodically for damage or leaks. Store in corrosion-resistant containers. Keep only in original containers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

U.S. OSHA Exposure Limits (29 CFR 1910)

	Туре	Value
Oxalic acid		
(CAS 6153-56-6)		
	STEL	2 mg/m³
	TWA	1mg/m³
US. ACGIH Threshold Lin	nit Values	
	Туре	Value
Oxalic acid	STEL	2mg/m³
(CAS 6153-56-6)	TWA	1mg/m³

Biological limit values

Appropriate engineering

controls

Use general or local exhaust ventilation to maintain air concentrations below

recommended exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye / face protection Chemical splash goggles must be worn when handling this material. A full face shield

may also be necessary.

Skin protection

Respiratory protection

Hand protection Wear chemically protective gloves (impervious), boots, aprons, and gauntlets to

prevent prolonged or repeated skin contact. Wear impervious gloves, such as butyl rubber. Unsuitable material: polyvinyl alcohol. Advice should be sought from glove

suppliers.

Other Other equipment may be required depending on workplace standards. An eyewash

station and safety shower should be made available in the immediate working area. If the TLV is exceeded, a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator is advised. Confirmation

on the form and concentration of contaminants in air, and in accordance with OSHA

of which type of respirator is most suitable for the intended application should be obtained from respiratory protection suppliers. Respirators should be selected based

(29 CFR 1910.134) or CSA Z94.4-02.

Thermal hazards Not normally required.

General hygiene Do not breathe dust, fume or vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not considerations eat dripk smoke or use cosmetics while working with this product. Upon completion of

eat, drink, smoke or use cosmetics while working with this product. Upon completion of work, wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or use of toilet facilities. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Do not take contaminated clothing

home.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid.

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Form Granular/Crystals

Color Colorless
Odor Odorless
Odor threshold N/Av
pH 1.3
Melting point /freezing point N/Av
Initial boiling point and boiling range

Decomposes

Flash point Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Evaporation rate N/Av

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Lower flammability/explosive Not applicable.

limit

Upper flammability/explosive

Not applicable.

limit

Vapour pressureVery lowVapour densityN/AvRelative density1.653

Solubility(ies)

Other solubility(ies) None known.
Solubility (water) soluble

Partition coefficient 1.74

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature N/Ap

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity N/Av

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive
Oxidizing properties None known.
Specific gravity 1.653
Critical temperature N/Av

VOC Not available.

Volatilities % N/Av
Other None.

physical/chemical data

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Contact with metals may release small amounts of flammable hydrogen gas.

Corrosive in contact with metals .Oxalic acid is a mild reducing agent and is easily

oxidized.

Chemical stability
Possibility of hazardous

Stable under the recommended storage and handling conditions prescribed.

Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Contact with metals may release small

reactions

amounts of flammable hydrogen gas.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat and open flame. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials
Hazardous decomposition

See Section 7 (Handling and Storage) for further details.

None known, refer to hazardous combustion products in Section 5.

products

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11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry inhalation YES Routes of entry skin & eye YES **Routes of entry Ingestion** YES Routes of exposure skin NO

absorption

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of high concentrations of fumes or mists may cause severe irritation and corrosive damage to the nose, throat and upper respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed.

May cause irreversible eye damage. Symptoms may include severe pain, tearing, redness, swelling and blurred vision. May cause severe skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, blistering, pain and swelling. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Ingestion may cause severe burns to the mucous membranes of the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations, bleeding and eventually death. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Repeated or prolonged exposure may result in kidney effects.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute Toxicity, oral - Category 3

Toxic if swallowed.

Components **Species Test Results**

Oxalic acid

Acute

Dermal

Rabbit LD50 >20000 mg/kg

inhalation

LC50 Rat N/Av

Oral

Rat 375mg/kg (rat) (50-500 mg/kg(Human)) LD50

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Classification: Skin Irritation - Category 1

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Skin contact may cause numbness or

slight tingling, blisters, burns and possibly permanent damage.

Classification: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1. Serious eye damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include severe pain, blurred vision,

redness and corrosive damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not expected to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity Not expected to be mutagenic in humans.

Carcinogenicity No components are listed as carcinogens by ACGIH, IARC, OSHA or NTP.

Classification: Reproductive Toxicity - Category 2 Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Classification: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure -Category 3

(respiratory) May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

Classification: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure - Category 1 repeated exposure May cause damage to the kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure if

swallowed.

SDS US Material name: Rust Go

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Chronic skin contact with low concentrations may cause dermatitis. Prolonged or **Chronic effects**

repeated inhalation of fumes or vapours, may cause chronic lung effects, such as

bronchitis, and tooth enamel erosion.

Aspiration toxicity Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

Further information None known or reported by the manufacturer.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Because of the low pH of this product, it would be expected to produce significant

ecotoxicity upon exposure to aquatic organisms and aquatic systems. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses, or be deposited where it can

affect ground or surface waters.

Ecotoxicity data:							
Ingredients	2.2.1		Toxicity to Fish				
	CAS No	LC50 / 96h	NOEC / 21 day	M Factor			
Oxalic acid	6153-56-6	N/Av	N/Av	None.			

Ingredients	CAS No	Toxicity to Daphnia				
		EC50 / 48h	NOEC / 21 day	M Factor		
Oxalic acid	6153-56-6	N/Av	162.2mg/L	None.		

Ingredients	CAS No	Toxicity to Algae					
		EC50 / 96h or 72h	NOEC / 96h or 72h	M Factor			
Oxalic acid	6153-56-6	N/Av	N/Av	None.			

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation is not applicable to inorganic materials.

Bioaccumulation potential No data is available on the product itself.

Components Partition coefficent n-octanol/ater (log Kow) **Bioconcentration factor (BCF)** Oxalic acid (CAS 6153-56-6) 1.74 0.6

Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects

No data is available on the product itself.

No additional information.

13. Disposal consideration

Handle waste according to recommendations in Section 7. Empty containers retain **Disposal instructions**

residue (liquid and/or vapour) and can be dangerous.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state, provincial and local

regulations.

If this product, as supplied, becomes a waste in the United States, it may meet the Hazardous waste code

criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under RCRA, Title 40 CFR 261. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the proper waste identification and disposal method. For disposal of unused or waste material, check with local, state and

federal environmental agencies.

Waste from residues / unused

products

None known.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken for local recycling or waste disposal.

SDS US Material name: Rust Go

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14. Transport information

49CFR/DOT

UN Number UN3267

UN proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Oxalic Acid)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8 Subsidiary ris

Packaging group Ш Special precautions for user None.

TDG

UN Number UN3267

CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Oxalic Acid)

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8 Subsidiary ris none **Packaging group** Ш

Special precautions for user

ICAO/IATA

UN Number UN3267

UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, n.o.s. (Oxalic Acid)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class

8 Subsidiary ris none Ш **Packaging group**

Environmental hazards

ERG Code

Special precautions for user Refer to ICAO/IATA Packing Instruction

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Forbidden

Forbidden Cargo aircraft only

General information Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

None known. Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Information: SARA TITLE III: Sec. 311 and 312, MSDS Requirements, 40 CFR 370 Hazard

Classes: Acute Health Hazard. Chronic Health Hazard

Under SARA Sections 311 and 312, the EPA has established threshold quantities for the reporting of hazardous chemicals. The current thresholds are 500 pounds for the threshold planning quantity (TPQ), whichever is lower, for extremely hazardous

substances and 10,000 pounds for all other hazardous chemicals.

Components listed below are present on the following U.S. Federal chemical lists:

SDS US

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<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS#	TSCA Inventory	CERCLA Reportable Quantity(RQ) (40 CFR 117.302):	SARA TITLE III: Sec. 302, Extremely Hazardous Substance, 40 CFR 355:	SARA TITLE III: Se 372, Specific To Toxic Chemical	
Oxalic acid	6153-56-6	Yes	N/Ap	N/Av	No	N/Ap

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes

Fire Hazard Pressure Hazard Reactivity Hazard -

US state regulations

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual States:

<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS#	California Proposition 65		State "Right to Know" Lists					
		Listed	Type of Toxicity	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Oxalic acid	6153-56-6	No	N/Ap	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes

Canadian Information:

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) information: All ingredients listed appear on the Domestic Substances List (DSL).

WHMIS information: Refer to Section 2 for a WHMIS Classification for this product.

International Inventories

Components listed below are present on the following International Inventory lists:

<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS#	European EINECs	Australia AICS	Philippines PICCS	Japan ENCS	Korea KECI/KECL	China IECSC	NewZealand IOC
Oxalic acid	6153-56-6	N/Av	Present	Present	(2)-844	No information available.	Present	HSR003571

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 05/27/2015

Version #

Legend ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CA: California

CAS: Chemical Abstract Services

CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

of 1980

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations DOT: Department of Transportation EPA: Environmental Protection Agency

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System HSDB: Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

Inh: Inhalation

IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database

MA: Massachusetts

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MN: Minnesota

MSHA: Mine Safety and Health Administration

N/Ap: Not Applicable N/Av: Not Available

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NJ: New Jersey

NTP: National Toxicology Program

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PA: Pennsylvania

PEL: Permissible exposure limit

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RI: Rhode Island

RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TDG: Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act & Regulations

TLV: Threshold Limit Values TWA: Time Weighted Average

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Identification System

Other special considerations for handling

Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

HMIS Rating : *- Chronic hazard 0 - Minimal 1 - Slight 2 - Moderate 3 - Serious 4 - Severe

Health: 3 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 2

NFPA Rating 0 - Minimal 1 - Slight 2 - Moderate 3 - Serious 4 - Severe

: Health: 3 Flammability: 0 Instability: 2 Special Hazards: None.

Disclaimer

Prepared by: ICC The Compliance Center Inc.

http://www.thecompliancecenter.com

This Safety Data Sheet was prepared by ICC The Compliance Center Inc using information provided by / obtained from Energy Mizer and CCOHS' Web Information Service. The information in the Safety Data Sheet is offered for your consideration and guidance when exposed to this product. ICC The Compliance Center Inc and Energy Mizer expressly disclaim all expressed or implied warranties and assume no responsibilities for the accuracy or completeness of the data contained herein. The data in this SDS does not apply to use with any other product or in any other process.

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Mizer .

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